Stacey Muirhead Capital Management Presentation to:



July 20, 2018





An Underappreciated Ben Graham/Warren Buffett Investment Technique

Event Driven Investing







Arbitrage

Work-Outs

Risk Arbitrage

They are all the same thing.



- Pursuit of profits from <u>announced</u> corporate events
- Mergers, recapitalizations, spin-offs, liquidations, reorganizations, self tender offers, etc.
- Evaluation based on probability of event occurring, time, upside, downside
- We expect to profit regardless of the behaviour of the stock market in most circumstances



"These are securities whose financial results depend on corporate action rather than supply and demand factors created by buyers and sellers of securities. In other words, they are securities with a timetable where we can predict, within reasonable error limits, when we will get how much and what might upset the applecart. Corporate events such as mergers, liquidations, reorganizations, spin-offs, etc., lead to work-outs."

Buffett Partnership Letter, January 24, 1962



"The risk pertains not primarily to general market behavior (although that is sometimes tied in to a degree), but instead to something upsetting the applecart so that the expected development does not materialize. Such killjoys could include anti-trust or other negative government action, stockholder disapproval, withholding of tax rulings, etc. The gross profits in many workouts appear quite small.

[...] However, the predictability coupled with a short holding period produces quite decent annual rates of return. This category produces more steady absolute profits from year to year than generals do. In years of market decline, it piles up a big edge for us; during bull markets, it is a drag on performance."

Buffett Partnership Letter, January 18, 1964



"In past reports we have told you that our insurance subsidiaries sometimes engage in arbitrage as an alternative to holding short-term cash equivalents. We prefer, of course, to make major long-term commitments, but we often have more cash than good ideas. At such times, arbitrage sometimes promises much greater returns than Treasury Bills and, equally important, cools any temptation we may have to relax our standards for long-term investments."

Berkshire Hathaway 1988 Letter to Shareholders



"Since World War I the definition of arbitrage — or "risk arbitrage," as it is now sometimes called — has expanded to include the pursuit of profits from an announced corporate event such as sale of the company, merger, recapitalization, reorganization, liquidation, self-tender, etc. In most cases the arbitrageur expects to profit regardless of the behavior of the stock market. The major risk he usually faces instead is that the announced event won't happen."

Berkshire Hathaway 1988 Letter to Shareholders





"To evaluate arbitrage situations you must answer four questions: (1) How likely is it that the promised event will indeed occur? (2) How long will your money be tied up? (3) What chance is there that something still better will transpire – a competing takeover bid, for example? And (4) What will happen if the event does not take place because of anti-trust action, financing glitches, etc.?"

Berkshire Hathaway 1988 Letter to Shareholders



Case Study









Transaction Details

- Definitive agreement for Johnson & Johnson (JNJ) to acquire Actelion Ltd. (ATLN) announced on 01/26/17
- \$280 USD per share in cash plus one share in a new R&D company (Idorsia)
- Minimum Acceptance rate of 67% of total shares
- Competition clearances required from United States, European Commission, Japan, Russia, Israel and Turkey
- Material Adverse Event 15% of EBIT or 10% of sales
- Expected closing in late Q2 2017 (06/15/17)



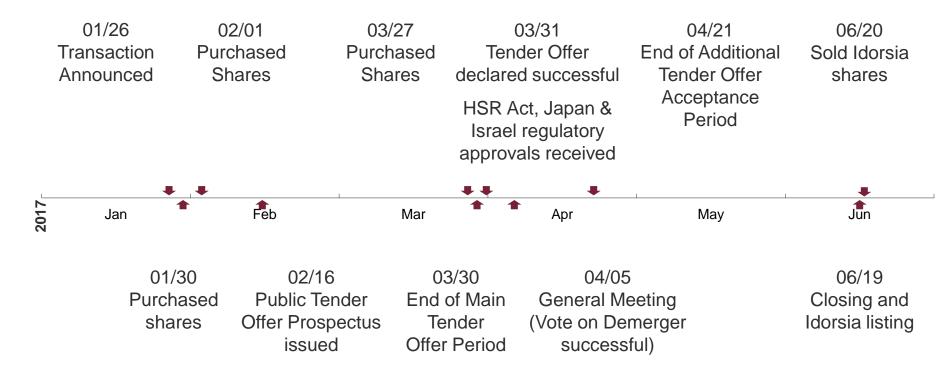


Key Considerations

- No financing condition
- Premium price CEO lock up agreement
- Well shopped before agreement
- Idorsia potential valuation
 - Value of early stage pipeline
 - JNJ 16% interest @ 235 million CHF (c. 11.50 per share)
 - c. 8 CHF per share in cash
- Potential Uptravi issue Will this trigger a Material Adverse Event?



Timeline









Return Analysis (per share)

Cash Received	280.00

Idorsia Market Price <u>14.92</u>

294.92

USD

Price Paid 274.26

Gross Profit 20.66

7.53%

Closing Date 06/19/17

Weighted Average Holding Period

Annualized Rate of Return

113 days 24.32%



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Case Study





Transaction Details

- Definitive agreement for Takeda Pharmaceuticals to acquire Shire plc announced on May 8th
- \$30.33 USD per Shire share in cash and either 0.839 new Takeda shares or 1.678 Takeda American Depository shares
- Dividends to be paid until closing
- Shareholder approval required by both companies
- Expected closing in late Q2 2019 (06/24/19)







Key Considerations

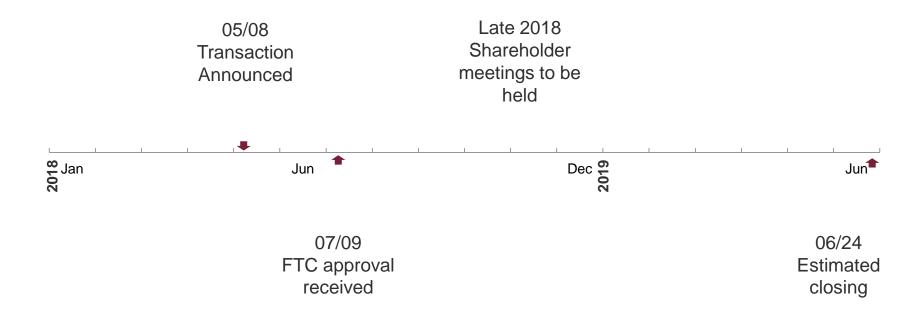
- Acquisition will create the world's 9th largest pharmaceutical company
- Approximately 50% of revenues will be from the United States
- Minimal product overlap
- Takeda Shareholders may not approve transaction
- Hedging Takeda American Depository shares is difficult







Timeline









Expected Return Analysis (per share)

	<u>USD</u>
Cash Received (\$30.33 x 3)	90.99
Takeda ADS consideration (\$19.68 x 1.678 x 3)	99.07
Dividends	1.05
	191.11
Price Paid	<u>160.91</u>
Gross Profit	30.20
	18.77%
Expected Closing Date	06/24/19
Weighted Average Holding Period	377 days
Annualized Rate of Return	<u>18.17%</u>





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Event Driven Investments - Summary

Positives

- Returns depend on transaction completion and not on movement in equity markets
- Most transactions are uncorrelated with each other
- Short completion times lead to cash availability
- Multi-strategy benefits adds another page to our "investment playbook"
- Good information availability Read the Documents!







Event Driven Investments - Summary

Negatives

- Transactions can break for many reasons
 - Financing issues
 - Shareholder rejection
 - Regulatory concerns and anti-trust approvals
 - Material Adverse Event
- Any single transaction is a binary event
- A good batting average is required
- Short term nature of event driven investing creates tax exposure





Question & Answer Period



